Today the Royal Society of Wildlife Trusts operates under the trading name of **The Wildlife Trusts** and works as an umbrella organisation for the 47 local Wildlife Trusts across the whole of the UK, helping to co-ordinate campaigning and conservation activities.

The roots of this unique organisation date back to 1912 when Charles Rothschild formed the ‘Society for the Promotion of Nature Reserves’, with the idea of setting up a network of local ‘Nature Trusts’, acquiring its first nature reserve in 1919 and establishing the first Trust, Norfolk, in 1926.

Local Wildlife Trusts now have a collective membership of 670,000 and manage 2,200 nature reserves covering more than 80,000 hectares.

**Thinking BIG – A Living Landscape**

It is apt that The Wildlife Trusts’ first nature reserve, Woodwalton Fen, should be at the heart of The Great Fen Project which aims to restore over 3000 hectares of fenland habitat to Huntingdonshire, creating a very large site with conservation benefits for wildlife as well as socio-economic benefits for people.

**The Great Fen Project** is a vanguard for The Wildlife Trusts’ Living Landscapes initiative launched in November 2006 with the report, ‘A Living Landscape’, which contains a four-point plan to counter climate change and restore the UK’s battered ecosystems. Stephanie Hilborne, chief executive of The Wildlife Trusts, says: “The UK’s wildlife will be dramatically affected by climate change and we can’t afford to ignore it. For wildlife to be able to cope, and to prevent a collapse in the number and variety of UK plants and animals, we need to restore and create ‘living’ landscapes.”

**Thinking small – Wild About Gardens**

Gardens have enormous potential to act as mini-nature reserves. There are 15 million gardens in the UK, estimated to cover about 270,000 hectares – more than the area of all the National Nature Reserves in the UK.

Each garden may be small, but together they form a patchwork of habitats for wildlife. The Wildlife Trusts in partnership with The Royal Horticultural Society are developing an online resource - www.wildaboutgardens.org - to bring together the worlds of gardening and nature conservation to help create the right conditions for wildlife to thrive in gardens.

**Breathing Places**

The Wildlife Trusts and BTCV have joined forces to work in partnership with the BBC to develop the communities campaign for Breathing Places; launched by the BBC in 2006, this three-year campaign has a simple purpose: to inspire everyone to create and care for green places wherever they live.

A year of Breathing Places activities will be launched on 9th & 10th of June, with ‘Springwatch Festivals’ happening in major cities throughout the UK. See: www.bbc.co.uk/breathingplaces

**Saving our Seas, too**

The Wildlife Trusts are perhaps best known for conservation on land but they are equally active in promoting marine issues. This includes campaigning for healthy seas, advising government, carrying out marine research, getting the public involved in marine conservation and generally raising awareness about the marine environment.

We are running a national campaign for the introduction of a Marine Bill to help ensure a better future for the amazing wildlife that lives in our seas. You can help by joining the SoS (Save our Seas) team to help ensure that new laws provide a healthy future for our seas – for full details visit: www.wild-net.org/saveourseas

**It’s a Wild World with The Wildlife Trusts’ podcast**

The Wildlife Trusts have just launched a pilot podcast which features interviews and news from local Wildlife Trusts around the UK. The free podcast, in association with Aggregate Industries, is available to download at www.wildlifetrusts.org.
Making the Grade

Can commercial farming and conservation work side by side? Bill Jordan thinks so, and to prove it he established Conservation Grade farming, read on to find out how this unique scheme works. Food, farming and wildlife have always been close to Bill Jordan’s heart. The Jordan family had been flour millers for over one hundred years, then Bill and his brother David had other ideas and started making organic breakfast cereals in the early 1970’s. However, it quickly became apparent that there were not enough organic cereal farmers at that time to support Jordans as it grew. An ethical alternative had to be found, and the idea for Conservation Grade farming was born.

The principals of Conservation Grade are simple, farmers agree to put ten per cent of their land into designated wildlife projects which they manage specifically in order to increase biodiversity on their farms. They also go on training courses to make sure they are getting the best from the scheme, are audited once a year and become part of The Guild of Conservation Grade Growers. Every farm is different, so depending on the landscape farmers are encouraged to make the most of their natural resources as well as implementing projects like tree planting, reestablishing hedgerows and meadows, creating ponds, and planting field margins and headlands teaming with wildflowers, grasses and bird food mixes. On a Conservation Grade farm you are likely to find a golden crop of oats fringed with a border of wild flowers, allowing wildlife and farming to live side by side. There are now eighty farmers who grow to Conservation Grade standards, and scientific studies show that the levels of wildlife are on average five times higher than on a conventional farm. Many of the farms are home to well loved British species such as barn owls, voles and a wealth of butterflies, bees and other endangered wildlife.
Bill Jordan has always believed in fair trade for British farmers and in return for the effort Conservation Grade farmers put into their wildlife projects Jordans pays them a premium for their grain. Contracts allow farmers to plan, as Robert Law, Jordans largest grower of Conservation Grade cereals says; “Having two year contracts allows me to plan and the scheme fits well with the countryside stewardship which is real progress.” Many of the farms, such as Robert’s are close to the Jordans family oat mill in Bedford where the cereals are cleaned and processed, which helps keep food miles down.

“Conservation Grade proves that you can grow high quality grain without damaging the countryside, and that is something we should all be striving for.” Says Bill.

For more information please visit www.jordanscereals.co.uk

Grazing Animals Project (GAP) – supporting conservation grazing in the UK. Services include a newsletter, online discussion group, training courses, field visits, on-site advice, a range of publications and website. Upcoming events include: grazing workshop in Cornwall, Pigs in Woodlands day, FACT/GAP Conference, Stirling 12-14 June. Email: enquiries@grazinganimalsproject.info NEW WEBSITE: www.grazinganimalsproject.org.uk

The National Biodiversity Network
Sharing Information about Wildlife

It is estimated that up to 60,000 people routinely record biodiversity information in the UK. Most of this effort is voluntary and is organised through about 2,000 national societies and recording schemes. The government, through its agencies also collects biodiversity data and one of the principal elements for the collation and interpretation of this data is the network of Local Records Centres. The National Biodiversity Network (NBN) is a collaborative venture committed to making this information available, including on the internet via the NBN Gateway www.searchnbn.net the data search web site of the NBN.

The NBN Trust, the organisation facilitating the building of the Network, supports agreed standards for the collection, collation and exchange of biodiversity data and encourages improved access. By engaging with its membership (the present partnership consists of almost 40 public and voluntary organisations) and other non-member organisations, it is able to draw upon a broad range of skills and resources needed to develop an effective Network.

The NBN Gateway currently holds over 25 million records from 209 different datasets. Data on the Gateway can be accessed by anyone interested in UK wildlife and can be searched at many different levels as it allows you to view distribution maps and download the data by using a variety of interactive tools. For instance, you can look at a specific area at Ordnance Survey grid map level or you can select one of the vice counties. All records are available at least at 10km scale and many at 2km or 1km, some are also available at 100m resolution (or better) although usually you must be registered and logged in to see these. You can also select a series of dates to customise the maps and show changes in a species’ distribution.

By providing tools to make wildlife data accessible in a digitised and exchangeable form and by providing easy access to the information people need, we believe that wise and informed decisions can be made to ensure our natural environment is diverse, rich and sustainable now and for future generations.

Visit www.searchnbn.net to access wildlife data or www.nbn.org.uk for more information on the Network.

Urban Wildlife Network
The Urban Wildlife Network exists to promote & defend nature in cities. Its aims are to protect urban green space, encourage biodiversity, increase knowledge of urban ecosystems & ensure that urban areas provide plenty of opportunities for people to connect with the natural world. Visit www.urbanwildlife.org.uk

South Yorkshire Biodiversity Research Group.
SYBRG/BaLHRI aims to gather information on wildlife, landscapes & archaeology in South Yorkshire & beyond. Our 2007 projects include a medieval deer parks conference; running the lottery funded Woodland Heritage Champions’ Project; & working on our South Yorkshire Flora Project. For more details, please email info@ukeconet.co.uk or see www.ukeconet.co.uk

Landlife is developing a practical research project called Topsoil Inversion. It aims to create the right starting point for trees & wildflowers, address climate change impacts, soil fertility issues & loss of biodiversity. We have developed several landscape sites across England using the technique & produced a technical guide. info@landlife.org.uk Tel 0151 737 1819

Lothian Wildlife Information Centre is the biological records centre for the Lothians, providing an objective independent wildlife information service for users from all sectors. We provide a local focus for biological recording. We need experienced & trainee recorders & volunteers to help us. Contact: info@lothianwildlife.co.uk or 01875 825968

King’s Meads Nature Reserve
www.geocities.com/kingsmead2 provides a wealth of information on the King’s Meads Nature Reserve situated between Hertford & Ware including access, maps, history of the New River, downloadable annual reports, recent sightings of birds & dragonflies & a database of the biological recording of a number of taxonomic groups.

rECOrd – The Biodiversity Information Centre for the Cheshire region. Please send your records to info@rECOrd-LRC.co.uk Visit www.rECOrd.co.uk
The Anglesey Red Squirrel Project

Anglesey is now one of the key sites for red squirrel conservation in the UK. Almost 8,000 grey squirrels have been culled in a successful program aimed at reinstating the native red squirrel. In 1998 there were only 30-40 red squirrels remaining on the island, all found within the isolated spruce forest of Mynydd Llwydiarth. The eradication of grey squirrels from this site in 1999 facilitated the rapid increase in adult red squirrel numbers to around 100 by the spring of 2002. However, the isolated nature of the site largely prohibited further geographical expansion of the reds, and hence a series of red squirrel reintroductions have taken place in woodlands across the island.

The largest of these releases has taken place within the coniferous coastal pine plantation of Newborough. This is the single largest piece of woodland on the island and although grey squirrel numbers have been reduced dramatically, it has as yet proved difficult to completely eradicate greys from the pine forest. Nevertheless, Newborough can boast a significant population of red squirrels and one which is genetically extremely varied.

The Anglesey red squirrel project is a partnership between a range of environmental groups and local people. Strong community support and volunteer involvement has been vitally important in efforts to control grey squirrels and in facilitating the recolonisation of the red squirrel.

Further information can be found at www.redsquirrels.info

Organisations working with and for Mammals:

**Mammals Trust UK** is dedicated to the conservation of British Mammals. Enthusiastic volunteers are needed as part of our national mammal monitoring programme. We also support projects for mammalogists between undergraduate & further study through our Mammals Internship Grant. For details please visit www.mtuk.org, phone (020)74985262 or email dave@mtuk.org

**Lee Valley Bats** is a voluntary group devoted to bat appreciation, detection, surveys, & arranging bat outings & activities for the community. The Lee Valley, a tributary of the Thames, is a rich foraging & roosting area for several species of bat. FREE membership. www.leevalleybats.org.uk Phone 0870 3301276 Email info@leevalleybats.org.uk

**The Mammal Society** works to protect British mammals, halt the decline of threatened species, & advises on all issues affecting mammals. We need your support to continue this crucial work. We also run training courses for environmental consultants & enthusiasts. 2b Inworth Street, London, SW11 3EP 020 7350 2200 www.mammal.org.uk

Other wildlife related organisations and projects:

**Earthwatch** is an international environmental charity who fund scientific field research & education around the world. There are currently 130 Earthwatch projects dedicated to finding solutions to environmental problems – from habitat destruction to climate change. There are opportunities to volunteer with Earthwatch, the charity also hosts regular lectures & debates in London. www.earthwatch.org, 01865 318838

Surrey based charity **Wildlife Aid** is now the largest organisation of its kind in the UK. Dealing with in excess of 20,000 wildlife-related incidents a year, it is the centre’s aim to rescue, rehabilitate & release any form of sick, injured or orphaned British Wildlife back into its natural habitat. www.wildlifeaid.com

**The Freshwater Biological Association** Scientific charity & membership organisation promoting freshwater science through; innovative research, serviced facilities, meetings, events, training programmes, scientific publications, & sound independent advice. Access to freshwater information & data through our library & online resources, FreshwaterLife & the Fritsch Collection. Tel: 01539 442468, email: info@fba.org.uk Websites: fba.org.uk freshwaterlife.org fritschalgae.info

**The People’s Trust for Endangered Species** lead the Biodiversity Action Plan’s for the noble chafer & stag beetle & run the National Dormouse Monitoring Programme. We run an extensive events programme & rely on volunteers to participate in national surveys. Please visit www.ptes.org for further details, email enquiries@ptes.org, phone (020)74984533.

**World Land Trust saving Biodiversity.** £50 will purchase One Acre of rainforest or other critically threatened habitat, & protect all the wildlife that depend on it. WLT also offers six-month internships for post graduates to gain valuable experience & training in conservation management. www.worldlandtrust.org

**Flanders Moss, nr Stirling, Scotland**. West Moss-side is a beautifully renovated barn & hayloft for meetings, courses, IT training, arts & crafts courses with access to a demonstration biodiversity management organic farm & bog management on Flanders Moss National Nature Reserve. Visit www.westmosside.com. or contact Kate Sankey, West Moss-side, Thomhill, Stirling, FK8 3QJ, kate@westmosside.com or 01786 850428.

**Torbay Coast & Countryside Trust** looks after 1800 acres of beautiful coastline, SSSIs, woodland & parkland in Torbay. The Trust has a winning formula of involving people – volunteers, members & through events as well as securing grants. We have won national recognition as an effective & dynamic conservation trust. More information: info@countryside-trust.org.uk or 01803 606035 or visit www.countryside-trust.org.uk
Mammals and margins: The benefits of Environmental Stewardship for farmers and wildlife

If you have ever watched a fox hunting for voles in long grass, you will have been captivated by the slow-motion, high stepping gait, the radar ears tuned in to the smallest rustling and the ultimate leap of faith when the fox jumps up and lands with both front paws on its unfortunate prey. The sheer grace of this display is almost enough to make you forgive the occasional hen hut raid. In all seriousness, a fox that has a plentiful supply of natural prey may be less inclined to visit the farmyard and may well even help out with a spot of rabbit or rat control.

As Field Officer for our local Mammal Group, I’ve conducted many surveys on farmland, with results which could well be applied to the changes taking place in our countryside under Environmental Stewardship. It all started when Countryside Stewardship made grassy field margins an attractive prospect and the more recent Entry and Higher Level Stewardship schemes (ELS and HLS) have continued this trend on arable land. Field margins make sense in many locations, but especially so alongside woodlands and large hedges where the land will be fairly unproductive anyway and beside ditches where they help to reduce pollution.

Softer grasses and flowers may well make an attractive margin out in the open, where birds and insects will benefit, but a tussocky mix of cocksfoot and timothy can provide excellent habitat for a range of small mammals, including less common species such as pygmy shrews and harvest mice. Site these margins next to an old hedge or woodland and you could have up to seven species of small mammal using them. The animal which will undoubtedly benefit most from such margins is the field vole, also at the top of the menu for many predators. If you ever pull apart a barn owl pellet and identify the small skulls within, you’ll soon realize how important field voles are to top avian predators. Field voles like to stick to their burrows down in the ground, so where small mammals will not be left homeless and leaving cutting until the late autumn will give any harvest mice a better chance to breed successfully in the north of England. On the whole, margins are good news for mammals and for farmers too where they can be used to gain extra funds from ELS and HLS.

For further advice on margin management and Environmental Stewardship, contact your local FWAG office – see www.fwag.org.uk
Ann Hanson, South & West Yorkshire FWAG
- We also promote the development of a fresh approach, integrating nature conservation with ecologically-inspired philosophies. [www.green-mantle.co.uk]

**Footprint Ecology** is an applied consultancy, working with the conservation sector. We can provide original research, literature reviews, survey work, training or attendance at public inquiry. Particular areas of expertise include access, visitor surveys, disturbance, heathlands, commons and birds. For more information visit http://www.footprint-ecology.co.uk.

**Wildthing Wildlife Consultants**. We provide support to developers and the construction industry. Services include: habitat and species surveys, mitigation reports, management plans, natural landscape design and installation. Other services include: A ranger support service, guest speaking/lectures, tourist guide service in Kent, bespoke activity packs, wildlife garden design. Contact: www.wildthingconsultants.co.uk

**Cornwall Environmental Consultants (CEC) Ltd** (founded in 1991 by the Cornwall Wildlife Trust) are based in Allet, Truro. CEC provides professional ecological, landscape architecture and graphics services to developers, local authorities, government bodies, voluntary organisations and private individuals. All profits are donated to the Cornwall Wildlife Trust. 01872 245510 www.cec.gb.com

**Environmentally Sustainable Systems Ltd** undertakes ecological and environmental impact assessments, surveys and monitoring for on and offshore projects. Our highly skilled and experienced staff resolve conflicts between development and biodiversity by providing solutions to environmental problems and promoting environmental sustainability. For further information please see our website http://www.ess-ltd.co.uk

**BritishFlora** To discuss the horticultural options for your next project please contact us at: info@britishflora.co.uk or visit our website www.britishflora.co.uk  |  BritishFlora – The Marque of local & native Provenance

**TellTale** - we put people in the (wildlife) picture. Call us when you need help with managing, or inspiring or engaging with visitors to your wildlife site. We are experts at balancing ecology and enjoyment through interpretation, access and experience management. Contact Peter on 01298 70376 or peter@telltale.co.uk

**RSK Carter Ecological** carry out ecological survey and assessment for a broad range of habitats/species, and give advice on a wide variety of needs. The knowledge, expertise and experience encompassed in our services are delivered to the highest quality. Services include Botany, Habitat and Protected Animal surveys, Management Planning and GIS. Contact Ben Wild Tel: 01295 672970

**ELM** specialises in habitat management and wildlife protection. Based just outside Wrexham, we operate throughout Cheshire and North Wales, with a team of staff dedicated to high quality practical conservation. We have vacancies for casual and part time staff at various times of the year. For further information please visit www.elm.uk.net

**Do you work in countryside management?** Do you have a challenging problem in wildlife tourism? Whether it is with hides, access, interpretation or training? Find innovative and cost effective solutions, through consulting Zoo-lutions Ltd. With over 20 years experience: clients, include FCS. Contact jeremy@zoolutions.com or telephone 07786 433124

**Helios Ecology** is an ecological consultancy, which provides specialist skills and knowledge for conducting surveys for a range of species groups. We also provide advice on protected species protocol, legislation and mitigation techniques. We ensure that rigorous survey methodologies are strictly adhered to using current guidelines. Tel: 01663 749 659 www.helioseology.co.uk

**PPEC** provides a professional and efficient service to clients throughout the UK. Our team of consultant ecologists are capable of providing a wide range of services from baseline habitat surveys through to detailed protected species surveys and mitigation. For further information on the services we can provide our clients please visit www.pp-ec.co.uk Tel:07921 156 573 or email phil@pp-ec.co.uk

**Catherine Bickmore Associates** Environmental Consultancy providing specialist services in ecology, landscape management and recreation issues. cbickmore@aol.com

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**Ecological, Environmental and Wildlife Consultancies and other specialists:**

**Environmental & Wildlife Habitat Management Service** covering Avon and Somerset, Gloucestershire, Wiltshire and Dorset. We also promote the development of a fresh approach, integrating nature conservation with ecologically-inspired philosophies. [www.green-mantle.co.uk]

**Ecology Consultancy Ltd** provides a full range of ecological services to the corporate, public and voluntary sectors. With offices in London, Norwich, Lewes and Derby, we are well-placed to provide excellent services nationwide. For details on what we could do for you just visit www.ecologyconsultancy.co.uk or call 020 7326 0007.

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**The Plight of the Bumblebee - Habitat Management for the Great Yellow Bumblebee, Bombus distinguendus.**

Of the UK’s 25 bumblebee species, 3 are already extinct and a further 9 species are seriously threatened. The decline in these charismatic creatures has caused great concern, largely because of their important role as pollinators of crops and wildflowers. One such threatened species is the striking Great Yellow Bumblebee, Bombus distinguendus, which is now confined to the very northern and western fringes of Scotland. This attractive dark-yellow bee, once widespread throughout a number of UK regions, is now typically associated with machair grassland. This globally rare habitat is itself restricted to parts of northern and western Scotland, and western Ireland. It consists of a flat, low lying grass plain formed on shell-based sand blown inshore by the wind. Throughout the summer months this coastal grassland is covered in stunning swathes of wildflowers, hence its appeal to several of our rarest bumblebee species.
Traditionally, machair was a cultivated landscape on which crofting communities have grazed stock and grown crops for centuries. It is these low intensity farming systems that have allowed the unique machair vegetation to flourish. However, agricultural intensification or conversely in some cases, croft abandonment, has resulted in the degradation of this precious habitat, threatening the species which have come to rely on it. The Bumblebee Conservation Trust (BBCT) is supervising a research project to try and determine the most effective methods for restoring degraded machair to its former glory. BBCT, based at the University of Stirling, is very keen to conserve and restore habitats that support rare bumblebee species. Nicola Redpath has just started work on the PhD, and is aiming to create viable management prescriptions for the restoration of machair which has, for one reason or another, lost floral diversity. Much of this work will be situated on the Isle of Oronsay which lies off the west coast of Scotland, adjacent to neighbouring Colonsay. The island is currently managed successfully for a number of bird species by the RSPB who have kindly agreed to this research. Oronsay demonstrates both spectacular and degraded areas of machair and the seed bank and vegetation at these sites will be analysed in order to quantify the loss of species diversity. As well as providing information on the extent of current machair degradation, Nicola’s research will also involve trialling a range of treatments on an area of degraded machair in order to establish how it can best be restored. It is hoped that by conserving its current habitat, this in turn will halt the decline of the beautiful Great Yellow Bumblebee and help ensure its long-term survival. Bumblebee Conservation Trust School of Biological & Environmental Sciences University of Stirling Stirling FK9 4LA enquiries@bumblebeecconservationtrust.co.uk Organisations working with and for invertebrates: UKMoths – Britain’s most comprehensive moth identification resource with over 4000 photographs illustrating more than 1700 species. http://ukmoths.org.uk | Contact: ian@ukmoths.org.uk The British Dragonfly Society is a registered charity (No. 800196) whose aim is to promote and encourage the study and conservation of dragonflies and their natural habitats in the UK. For more information visit www.dragonflysoc.org.uk or call Katharine Parkes, BDS Conservation Officer on 01743 282021 The Moths Count project, launched on 2 May, aims to raise awareness of moths, stimulate moth recording and establish a National Moth Recording Scheme. Many free training events suitable for beginners are being organised. See www.mothscount.org for details. The Natural History Museum’s British bumblebee guide is an easy to use tool to identifying bees in your area by looking at their colour patterns http://www.nhm.ac.uk/nature-online/life/insects-spiders/bumblebee-id/british-bumblebee-identification-guide.html Founded in 1833, the Royal Entomological Society plays a major national and international role in disseminating information about insects, and improving communication between entomologists. Today, the society communicates with its members through a varied calendar of events and meetings, and stages the hugely successful National Insect Week campaign. Visit www.royensoc.co.uk The Malacological Society is the major group studying the wildlife conservation and biology of slugs, snails, clams, octopus and squid in the UK (http://www.malacsoc.org.uk/index.html). It gives a range of awards, including £200 each for completed schools projects on molluscs (closing date: 1/3/2008). Email - Prof. G.Dussart gbd1@cant.ac.uk for further information. It’s a sad fact that butterflies and moths are disappearing fast with 3 out of 4 species of butterfly and two-thirds of ‘common’ larger moths decreasing. Butterfly Conservation is the UK charity successfully taking action to halt their decline – but we need your help! For more information about Butterfly Conservation www.butterfly-conservation.org 01929 400209. RSPCA Oiled Bird Research Since a major report in 1997 showed that akecs cleaned of oil after disasters at sea were not surviving as well as birds not caught up in oil spills, the RSPCA has been looking at ways to increase the unfortunate birds’ survival time. As part of a whole raft of measures to develop husbandry techniques a unique soft release cage was developed. This cage was anchored at sea and would provide cleaned birds the opportunity to experience a range of conditions that only a marine environment could provide but in a partly controlled manner. This project would be groundbreaking, as we were aware that this had not been done anywhere else in the world as part of a rehabilitation effort. The primary aims of the sea cage were to show that birds were properly waterproof and able to dive for food and to give them an environment in which they could put on weight and further develop their fitness to enable them to survive better once finally released. The sea cage (a converted salmon cage) was anchored about a kilometre offshore in Portland Harbour and provided a minimum diving area of approximately 200 cubic meters with depths up to 8 meters depending on tides. The plan was to operate the cage for the winter months only and for a number of years that would provide enough data to enable an assessment to be made about its effectiveness.
While the Society could not satisfactorily look after the facility from its permanent staff it used CJS to advertise for temporary staff. A team of people was recruited to provide full-time cover for the period of use and to undertake a range of practical and observational tasks. The team was located in Portland and operated a dedicated boat in (almost) all weathers to manage the birds and the cage and to record information for later evaluation. After operating for six full years the data shows that the birds were fully waterproof (surviving on one occasion a severe gale 11), were diving to the full 8m and altogether performing as wild birds. Sadly, however, these measures have not significantly increased the survival of released guillemots. The mean survival time is now 9 days for birds found dead (range one day to 278) and 5 days (range one day to 815) for birds found alive. This compares closely to the results from the 1997 findings (overall mean survival of 7 days). In terms of weight increase (and accompanying fitness) the overall gains did not reach the optimum 850gms we were anticipating with an average weight at release of 750gms.

As a unique operation the sea cage proved to be a success; however, the survival results are disappointing and indicate that there are factors that may well be out of our control that have rendered these birds totally unsuitable for rehabilitation. The RSPCA has considered the range of factors involved and although it will not be utilising the sea cage during forthcoming oiled bird rehabilitation a further range of measures will be employed to improve the overall long-term survival of these birds. However, we realise that unless significant improvements in survival times are not achievable then a harsh decision must be taken and humane destruction of all oiled auks may, in welfare terms, be the only option for the future.

By: Tim Thomas, RSPCA Senior Scientific Officer. www.rspca.org.uk

What to do if you find an oiled bird: http://www.rspca-westhatch-wildlifecentre.co.uk/.

Organisations working with and for birds:

**The Wildfowl & Wetland Trust (WWT)** is a leading UK conservation organisation saving wetlands for wildlife & people across the world. WWT is the only UK charity with a national network of nine specialist wetland visitor centres. See wwt.org.uk for details

**British Trust for Ornithology** provides training courses, volunteering opportunities & facts & figures about the UK’s birds. For more information & current vacancies see www.bto.org

**The Hawk & Owl Trust** is Britain’s leading national charity dedicated to conserving wild birds of prey & their habitats – on its own reserves & by working with farmers, foresters & other landowners. It also carries out practical research & encourages greater understanding of these charismatic birds. Find out more at www.hawkandowl.org

**Norfolk Ornithologists’ Association**

Conservation charity (no. 267670) focusing on the scientific study of birds, based at Norfolk’s accredited bird observatory in Holme, with seven reserves in Norfolk. Friendly & informative. Ringing, census work, special surveys. Membership £17 single, £22 joint/family. Members throughout UK & abroad. 01485 525406; email; info@noa.org.uk, www.noa.org.uk

**Raptor Rescue** is the largest UK charity dedicated to ensuring that all sick & injured birds of prey are cared for by experienced persons & whenever possible released back into the wild. Help & advice line 0870 2410609 www.raptorrescue.org.uk Registered Charity No 283733

**The Scottish Ornithologists’ Club (SOC)** has over 3000 members, with 14 branches throughout Scotland. The club plays a central role in Scottish birdwatching, bringing together amateur birdwatchers, keen birders & research ornithologists with the aims of documenting, studying and, not least, enjoying Scotland’s varied birdlife. For more information, visit www.the-soc.org.uk

**Northern Kites**, the project that is bringing the red kite back to the northeast of England, is a partnership between lead partners Natural England & the RSPB & Gateshead Council, Northumbrian Water, the National Trust & the Forestry Commission supported with funding from the Heritage Lottery Fund & Sita Trust. www.northernkites.org.uk

**Interested in seabirds?** Why not join The Seabird Group for only £10 per annum, & receive regular seabird research news & become eligible for the group's grant scheme. See www.seabirdgroup.org.uk for more details or email seabird@bto.org

**The Hawk & Owl Trust**

is focused on the scientific study of birds, based at the Trust’s accredited bird observatory in Holme, with seven reserves in Norfolk. Friendly & informative. Ringing, census work, special surveys. Membership £17 single, £22 joint/family. Members throughout UK & abroad. 01485 525406; email; info@noa.org.uk, www.noa.org.uk

**SongBird Survival** has gone national with the merger with Save Our Songbirds, Scotland. Predation levels are seen as excessive for some vulnerable species & our research aims to prove this. Support this work by joining us at www.songbird-survival.org.uk or by calling us on 01379 641715.

**www.redkites.net** contains information about the history, reintroduction, monitoring & breeding success of the Red Kites in the Chilterns. Video clips & diary of the 2007 Red Kite Nestwatch, & a photo gallery are also available on the website Contact Helen Olive on 07795 42 8806, email helen@thebirdinsight.com

**Organisations working with and for marine and coastal wildlife and environments:**
Atlantic Salmon Trust. Trust is an Atlantic-wide UK & Ireland based independent charity. Works for the conservation & restoration of wild salmon & sea-trout. Conducts & supports marine & freshwater research, gives practical advice, holds seminars & publishes journals & booklets to inform & educate. www.atlanticsalmontrust.org

The Marine Conservation Society (MCS) is the UK charity dedicated to the protection of our seas, shores & wildlife. MCS campaigns for sewage-free seas, beaches free of litter, sustainable fisheries & sensitive management of our coastal & sea - & much, much more. www.mcsuk.org.

The UK Coastal Dune & Shingle Network promotes a ‘habitat based’ & ‘evidence informed’ approach to the solution of management issues. It encourages the sustainable use & sharing of experience in conservation practice between site managers, consultants & researchers. For more information & to register your interests go to www.hope.ac.uk/coast

Get involved in intertidal recording

The Shore Thing Project - ‘Getting people involved in intertidal recording’

Our seas are changing! The temperature of our coastal waters has already risen in the 20th Century and scientists predict that the average seawater temperature could rise a further 2°C by the 2050s. This rise could affect the distribution of species on our rocky shores, but how will we know? You can help! We need people on the shore searching for our 22 climate change and non-native species. If you are a member or know of a voluntary group who would like to be involved then please contact Fiona Crouch, ficr@mba.ac.uk. See our website for project details www.marlin.ac.uk/shore_thing

Training, fieldwork and surveys:

The FSC is a leading provider of taxonomic and environmental training at its centres throughout the UK. The annual programme of courses includes biological recording and surveying, ecological principles, NVC, plant and animal identification, many of which are accredited and certified by awarding bodies. For more information visit www.field-studies-council.org/professional

Nature’s Calendar - Ever wondered if climate change affects our wildlife? Are flowers really appearing earlier and earlier? Nature’s calendar asks volunteer recorders to send in information on the plant, bird and animal species they see, and the date they first see them. Your observations can help scientists and conservationists alike. Join at www.naturescalendar.org.uk

Liverpool Hope University offers an MSc in Environmental Management that provides a flexible package promoting academic development directly applicable to professional practice in environmental management. A degree of specialisation is provided in areas of nature conservation management, urban change and coastal management. Contact Dr Kevin Crawford (crawfok@hope.ac.uk) for more information.

The British Seahorse Survey studies the 2 species of Seahorse found around the British Isles and it is totally reliant volunteers. If you are a diver or find a seahorse washed up on the beach contact the survey and we can advise you where to look for the British Isles best kept secret. www.britishseahorsesurvey.org www.theseahorsetrust.co.uk

The Ring Ouzel Study Group comprises ring ouzel enthusiasts from across UK, meeting annually since 1998 to discuss local studies and research work investigating declines. Further information from www.ringouzelinfo.com

Glow-worm enthusiasts! If you are planning a glow-worm evening, intend to survey glow worms, want to report a site or simply want to know where and when they can be seen, visit the UK Glow Worm Survey website, www.glowworms.org.uk. Surveys are purely voluntary. Email robin@galaxypix.com.

More training information, see page 14

Bloomin’ Wild!

This year RHS Britain in Bloom communities throughout the UK will be letting their gardens go wild as they participate in the 2007 theme Bloomin’ Wild, set for them by the Royal Horticultural Society (RHS). The theme is to encourage all communities, large and small, to design and plant to sustain wildlife in parks, gardens and green spaces. Over 1000 communities will take part in the campaign this year, with winners of the UK finals announced in September, including the winner of the RHS Bloomin’ Wild Discretionary Award.

Plants are important in encouraging wildlife because they are the beginning of the food chain. In Britain increased urbanisation and farming practices have contributed to a decline in many species of wildlife. If planned and managed correctly, parks and public and private gardens can be a rich source of food and shelter for many species of birds, insects and mammals. Some forms of wildlife are unwelcome because they are pests but that is
a small minority. Fewer than 1% of Britain’s 22 400 species of insects are pests. Many are beneficial as pollinating insects, or as predators of pests.

Many participants in RHS Britain in Bloom this year are designing specific spaces for wildlife with information for the community about what creatures can be found there as well as helping to protect and manage natural habitats that are already rich sources of wildlife such as woodlands or grasslands.

The finalists will be using some of the following ideas in their entries this year: ● Ensuring there is diversity in planting schemes and incorporating native plants as much as possible. ● Creating ponds to provide a breeding place for frogs, toads, newts, dragonflies and other aquatic animals. ● Planting wildflower meadows to encourage nectar-feeding insects. ● Where appropriate leaving dead logs and trees to naturally recycle for insects that feed on decaying material. ● Providing food for wildlife in addition to plants such as putting out seed mixtures for birds and providing water for drinking if there are no ponds. ● Reducing the use of herbicides, fungicides and insecticides.

RHS Britain in Bloom is much more than just flowers – the campaign looks for examples of sustainable practice, cleanliness and community involvement as well as horticultural excellence and a key part to the campaign is encouraging biodiversity. The RHS provides advice for all communities on wildlife gardening and biodiversity in the advice section of its website at www.rhs.org.uk.

As well as the RHS Britain in Bloom campaign, the RHS champions wildlife gardening through a joint project run with the Wildlife Trust called Wild About Gardens, please see the website for more details www.wildaboutgardens.org.uk.

Nature Detectives Want your kids to have fun, get outside and take an interest in the natural world? Nature Detectives is a great internet club that gives games, facts, fun and activities to 7 to 11 year olds, helping them investigate nature in their own backyard, park or garden. Join at www.naturedetectives.org.uk

The Spread of an Alien Ladybird

The harlequin Harmonia axyridis originates from Asia, but was introduced in several European countries to control pest insects on a range of crops. The harlequin first made its way across the English Channel in 2004, arriving in Britain by means of flight and wind. In addition, some have come here on produce.

The harlequin has been increasing in numbers very rapidly and spreading westwards and northwards fast. It is now found as far west as Cornwall and Pembrokeshire and as far north as Lancashire and county Durham. We expect it to reach Scotland in 2007. The threat to native insects is our main concern. Because the harlequin is larger and more voracious than most native ladybirds (of which there are 45 species), it out-competes them for aphids. It is not a fussy eater and if aphid supplies run low, it turns to other food sources – including the eggs and larvae of ladybirds and other insects, possibly including butterflies.

How to recognise a harlequin ● It is big (for a ladybird!) – 6 to 8mm long, which is at least as big as the common 7-spot ladybird. ● It is usually orange-red with 15 to 20 black spots. ● Some are black with 2 or 4 orange-red spots and 2 prominent white ‘false eye’ markings. ● It normally has brown legs. Some of our other ladybirds look quite like the harlequin, but the harlequin is often bigger.

The Harlequin Ladybird Survey was set up to track the spread of the harlequin in Britain. If you see a harlequin, please report your sighting via the website – www.harlequin-survey.org. In order to verify your sighting, ideally we would like to see a photo of the ladybird. Records of native ladybirds can also be submitted online, at www.ladybird-survey.org. Thanks for your help! Peter Brown, UK Ladybird Survey

Jobs! Mostly voluntary.

Volunteer Opportunities with The Wildlife Trust of South and West Wales.
An ideal opportunity for anyone wanting to pursue a career in conservation, with the possibility of getting involved in practical conservation tasks, events, and education activities. For more information visit www.welshwildlife.org or telephone 01656 724100.

For information about volunteering opportunities at Dorset Wildlife Trust please contact Steve Davis, Brooklands Farm, Forston, Dorchester, Dorset DT2 7AA 01305 264620 sdavis@dorsetwildlife.co.uk

Bardsey Bird Observatory Volunteer Wardens.
Volunteers are required to help with day to day running of the bird observatory for periods of up to 1 month. Send CV to BBFO. Cristin, Bardsey, Gwynedd LL53 8DE. Give relevant experience and names of two referees. Enquiries welcome year round. bbfo.org.uk

Make it happen and volunteer with Europe’s most successful conservation movement - the National Trust. Opportunities available in our gardens, parkland, countryside and coast. You can learn new skills, strengthen your CV or just make new friends. To get involved call 0870 609 5383 or email volunteers@nationaltrust.org.uk
For everyone inspired by nature close to home. With wildlife events happening across the UK, The Wildlife Trusts are inviting everyone to experience the wonders of the wild.

– 18 June), this year's line-up will be bigger and better than ever with hundreds of UK events spread over three weeks so even more people can join in. People who can't get along to an event during Wildlife Week 2007 (triple bill) can still join in by watching the TV programmes (28 May – 18 June), the campaign for a marine bill or the annual basking shark survey. The aim is to map the distribution of birds across the British Isles in both winter & summer. This will be done by visiting and recording the birds found in every 10km square in the country. Survey work starts in November 2007 & continues till July 2011. You can help by ‘adopting’ a 10km square to survey.

How would you like a weeks free accommodation in Greece? We are looking for both ornithological and entomological volunteers for a series of special projects next year (2008) at Wetland Kerkinis, a RAMSAR and Natura2000 site in Northern Greece. For more information visit our website at www.lake-kerkinis.earthlife.net/.

Wales Environment Link is a network of voluntary environmental / countryside organisations in Wales and the officially designated intermediary body between government and the voluntary environmental sector. WEL currently has 29 member organisations, new organisations are welcome to apply. See www.waleslink.org for details or contact enquiry@waleslink.org or 01970 611 621

Great volunteering opportunities with HWDT. Hebridean Whale & Dolphin Trust has pioneered practical conservation through education and the study of cetaceans in the Hebrides. We have volunteering opportunities covering a range of research and education projects and in our discovery centre in Tobermory. Visit our website www.whaledolphinstrust.co.uk for more information.

The Wildlife Trusts offer everyone the chance to get involved with wildlife during Wildlife Week 2007 (triple bill), an annual programme of events to celebrate the diversity of the UK’s natural heritage and to raise awareness of conservation issues.

To meet the ever-growing interest in wildlife and tie-in with the popular BBC TV Springwatch programmes (28 May – 18 June), this year’s line-up will be bigger and better than ever with hundreds of UK events spread over three whole weeks so even more people can join in. With wildlife events happening across the UK, The Wildlife Trusts are inviting everyone to experience the wonders of nature close to home.

For everyone inspired by Springwatch, Wildlife Week provides an opportunity to get closer to nature in their own area with all sorts of events and activities happening from 2 – 23 June (which includes the half-term break) – have fun with fungi, walk amongst wildflowers and spot beautiful butterflies, make hay (even if the sun doesn’t shine), go badger or bat watching, learn about recycling or, for the intrepid, set off on a mini-beast safari – there’s something to interest all the family.

The Wildlife Trusts play a crucial role in conserving and restoring rare habitats such as woodlands, chalk rivers, estuaries and salt marshes; Wildlife Week also provides an insight into the Trusts’ valuable conservation work, such as projects to protect otters and red squirrels, the campaign for a marine bill or the annual basking shark survey. People who can’t get along to an event during Wildlife Week 2007 (triple bill) can still join in by visiting a Wildlife Trust reserve or volunteering for a day or more. Details of Wildlife Week events throughout the UK, can be obtained from your local Trust or by visiting the events directory on the Trusts’ website at www.wildlifetrusts.org

Other events:

Described as the birdwatcher’s “Glastonbury”, the British Birdwatching Fair encompasses the whole spectrum of the birdwatching industry whilst simultaneously supporting global bird conservation. Birdfair is the world’s first and largest international birdwatching event. For more information contact the Birdfair office on 01572 771079, info@birdfair.org.uk or visit our website www.birdfair.org.uk.

Society of Wildlife Artists Annual Exhibition. 26 September to 7 October. The Mall Galleries, London SW1 www.mallgalleries.org.uk tel: 020 79306844

Willow Day at Attenborough Nature Centre. Something for everyone! Willow ID course, Mini beast hunts, illustrated talk, drop in craft workshops, demonstrations of basket and furniture making, stalls, besom making. Call the Nature Centre for more info on 01159721777.

Laurie Campbell, Photographing Life & Land. An illustrated Talk, 1st June, 7.30pm at the Birnarn Institute, Tickets £6 (£4 £5 SWT members) from Birnarn Institute tel:01350 727674 or Loch of the Lowes tel 01350 727337.
IRISH HARE SURVEYS 2006/07  By Neil Reid

The Irish hare (Lepus timidus hibernicus) is the only lagomorph native to Ireland and is commonly recognised as an endemic sub-species of the mountain hare (Lepus timidus).

Recent evidence indicates that the Irish hare is more closely related to mountain hare populations in mainland Europe than its geographically closest neighbour, the Scottish hare (Lepus timidus scoticus), suggesting that Ireland was colonised via a southerly land bridge and indicating that it may be one of Ireland’s oldest residents. Irish hares differ genetically, phenotypically and behaviourally from other hare species. Due to this unique phylogenetic status and distinct phenotype, behaviour and ecology the Irish hare is considered to have intrinsic conservation value. Furthermore, as the sole native lagomorph in an impoverished mammal fauna, the Irish hare has a greater conservation value than its current subspecies status might suggest. Moreover, as a selective grazer the Irish hare has the capacity to influence both the species composition and structure of vegetation such as natural and agricultural grasslands further increasing its ecological importance.

Studies of historical data suggest that hare populations in Ireland have been declining throughout the 20th century and by 2006 were estimated to be 2.6 hares per km² or 36,200 individuals. Despite historical and recent declines, the population is known to fluctuate naturally due to intrinsic processes such as density dependence and extrinsic factors such as climate.

Currently, Quercus, in Queen's University Belfast, is running two projects that concentrate on estimating hare abundance; the “Hare survey of Ireland 2006/07” and the “Northern Ireland Irish hare survey 2007”. Both projects use novel survey techniques (i.e. Distance sampling) to establish the current status and range of both Irish and brown hares in Ireland. Specifically, we are tackling technical issues regarding the broken assumptions of ‘traditional’ terrestrial mammal population estimation and are implementing a range of practical and mathematical solutions. The projects also aim to investigate species specific habitat requirements to better inform future conservation efforts. Both projects also tackle similar issues involving rabbits and foxes at an all-Ireland scale.

Once complete during mid-summer 2007 both projects will yield the most accurate data yet on the conservation status of the Irish hare and will form the basis for future monitoring programmes.

Photos of the hares are available online, follow the links to the Special Edition.

Useful supplies:

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<tr>
<td>Cream’ o’ Galloway, Gatehouse of Fleet, Galloway. Wildlife Week Species Hunt! Pick up a checklist of last summer’s recorded sightings and see if you can better it! Birds, beasties, butterflies and wildflowers all of interest. £1 including entry into a prize draw. For more information ring Alan on 01557 814040.</td>
<td>The Festival of Falconry: Thirty nations are gathering at Englefield Park, Reading for the first International Festival of Falconry Culture and Heritage (see <a href="http://www.falconryfestival.com">www.falconryfestival.com</a>). Exhibits on conservation, education (including LANTRA), art, veterinarians, re-habilitation and heritage. Eagles, horses, dogs, yurts, traditional dress, foods, music, dance, and camping in the deer park.</td>
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<td>Swarovski Optik is the Austrian manufacturer of high precision binoculars &amp; telescopes, all hand assembled at the factory. Swarovski Optik has been supporting a large number of nature conservation initiatives around the globe, for many years, ensuring the survival of severely endangered species, through the appropriate use of resources. <a href="mailto:info@swarovskyoptik.co.uk">info@swarovskyoptik.co.uk</a> <a href="http://www.swarovskyoptik.com">www.swarovskyoptik.com</a></td>
<td>Newpro UK Limited is the UK distributor for ‘Minox’ binoculars &amp; telescopes &amp; as such is an Associate Sponsor of ‘The British Birdwatching Fair’ as well as an exhibitor with a stand for ‘Minox’ in the optics Marquee &amp; a stand for Newpro products such as ‘Op/tech’ straps in Marquee 5.</td>
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<td>Countrymen John of Coniston, Cumbria sell bespoke Roller Blinds &amp; Ceramic Tiles to decorate your home. All decorated with our exclusive Countrymen pictures. These include Riverside, Birds of the Garden, Pheasants, Fox &amp; Badger, Deer, Horse &amp; Hound, Birds of Prey &amp; Countrymen’s Choice. Telephone 01539 441129 for our mail order brochure</td>
<td>A wide range of services &amp; products on a wildlife &amp; nature theme, including: habitat creation &amp; management; species conservation &amp; management; biological surveys; wildflowers, shrubs &amp; trees; wildflower meadow turf; wooden bridges; field equipment; nestboxes; hedge &amp; tree work; pond liners; biodegradable tree guards, mulch mats &amp; pegs; turf mesh. Visit <a href="http://www.wildlifeservices.co.uk">www.wildlifeservices.co.uk</a> or call 0845 2300 927.</td>
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<td>State funding is very bureaucratic &amp; too inflexible to manage wild life. Wanted someone to carry forward a new scheme attracting private enterprise cash. Site of 400 acres available to develop the pilot project. See <a href="http://www.Penhein.co.uk">www.Penhein.co.uk</a> for details or call 01633 400 977. Located 4 miles north of the Severn Bridge</td>
<td>Wildlife recording &amp; mapping software for Desktop &amp; Pocket PC. <a href="http://www.aditsite.co.uk">www.aditsite.co.uk</a> Handheld species identification keys. <a href="http://www.wildkey.co.uk">www.wildkey.co.uk</a></td>
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**Wildlife Watching holidays:**

- **Email:** info@cumbraevoyages.co.uk  Tel: 0845 257 0404 **Cumbrae Voyages** offers unforgettable marine adventures and wildlife tours amongst the beautiful islands of the lower Clyde. Join us for a fully interactive expedition onboard our custom built, 12 seat, Rigid Inflatable Boats. The speed and manoeuvrability of our boats allow us to take you to areas seldom visited, providing you with close encounters of the islands wildlife safely and enjoyably.

**Sea.fari Adventures (Oban)** undertake cetacean sightings during all boat trips. Database available to genuine research organisations. Crew are WiSe (Wildlife Safety Scheme) accredited ensuring wildlife experiences are properly managed. Join Sea.fari Adventures to the Gulf of Corryvreckan (World's Third Largest Whirlpool) Contribute to our database. Tours daily  www.seafari.co.uk

**Wild Scotland** is the Scottish Wildlife and Nature Tourism Operators Association. All our members encourage responsible wildlife watching through best practice and we also run wildlife tourism related courses and events. For more information or to get involved, visit www.wild-scotland.co.uk or email info@wild-scotland.co.uk

**Sea Life Surveys** Wildlife Adventure Cruise. Explore the exciting Hebridean waters for whale, dolphin, basking shark and so much more. Professional guides onboard to explain the magic of it all – marine life, seabirds, geology and the history. Package holidays and short breaks. Open all year.  www.sealfisurveys.com 01688 302 916 / 808

**Anytime Tours**  Visit www.anytimetours.co.uk for tailor-made birding trips for couples or small groups anywhere, anytime!

**IDENTIFICATION HELP — WHEN YOU NEED IT MOST**

The world is awash in fieldguides to help enthusiasts identify birds, butterflies, dragonflies, fungi and many other facets of the natural world – but how many people (including volunteer workers on reserves) are actually prepared to carry the weight of the book in their pocket all day long?

Not many, is the answer, and it was this fact that inspired Buckingham Press owners Hilary and David Cromack to commission the first pack of ID Insight Pocket Cards.

Each pack for the British Birds set consists of ten cards (postcard size) illustrated by Dave Numney and annotated with helpful ID tips by Dominic Couzens, two wellknown contributors to Bird Watching magazine.

Amazingly, they cover 113 common but difficult-to-identify species in each set, so once the cards have been slipped into a jacket pocket, a birdwatcher can feel confident he or she is armed to deal with most of the problem species likely to be encountered regularly in the UK.

The success of this concept has now led to the production of an ID Insight Pocket Cards pack of 12 cards for British Butterflies, featuring the 58 species most commonly occurring in the UK. Artist Rosemary Powell has provided the ID advice, information about habitats, flight times and distribution, plus superb illustrations and the new 12-card set should be available from the end of May 2007.

Each pack costs £5.95 (or £11 for both sets) from Buckingham Press, 55 Thorpe Park Road, Peterborough PE3 6LJ.

For more information about the cards, The Birdwatcher's Yearbook & Diary, the expanding range of Best Birdwatching Sites guidebooks and quarterly magazine Birds Illustrated visit the website at:  www.birdsillustrated.com

**Useful Books and other Publications:**

- **Atropos** is a subscription based journal for butterfly, moth & dragonfly enthusiasts, offering all the latest news, identification advice & information on field techniques. For further information about the journal, news of latest sightings & mail order book service visit  www.atropos.info. Tel. 01326 290287.

- **Connecting communities, neighbourhoods & nature:** A toolkit. Written to support those working on developing environmental nature based projects that work with & benefit people. Includes case studies, best practice, & practical activities that can be adapted to suit different groups. Free copies available, contact jdall@urbangreenspace.org or call 01772 317246.

- **"UK SAFARI NEWS"** has been informing & entertaining nature enthusiasts & conservation professionals for seven years. It shows you what to look for in the countryside each week & tells you about the latest nature news stories from around the U.K. For your free copy simply visit www.cksafaricom

**Scottish Environment News (SCENES)** is an independent digest of environmental news for anyone with an interest in the land or sea. SCENES is mailed monthly, based solely on published material, & contains only news, with no editorial comment, opinion, advertising or pictures. Contact enquiries@scenes.org.uk for subscription rates.

**Conservation Land Management** is Europe's leading practical conservation magazine, published quarterly by Natural England. Essential reading for anyone involved in managing land for wildlife conservation. For a free sample & a subscription form, contact Tony Robinson, e-mail: tony.robinson@naturalengland.org.uk; tel: 01823 250863

**Bird Watching magazine** is the UK's best-selling birdwatching magazine. Every issue will inform & inspire you for the month ahead, with advice on how to get the most from your birdwatching, whether you're a beginner or an expert. Go to www.birdwatching.co.uk or ring 0845 601 1356 (4p a minute) to subscribe.
**Interesting wildlife related Websites:**

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<th>Website</th>
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<td>Keep up to date with farm wildlife conservation</td>
<td>through the new website at <a href="http://www.farmwildlife.info">www.farmwildlife.info</a>, which has a discussion forum for farmers and advisers to ask questions and post ideas, an events calendar, case studies of conservation work on farms and a library of links to other websites with information on farm wildlife or agri-environment schemes.</td>
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<td>View previously unseen photographs of all the UK newt species in both their aquatic and terrestrial phases. Visit the site to arrange a live amphibian display for your event, school or group. Also available via the website James Grundy's new book 'Newts in your pond and garden'</td>
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<td>Fascinated by Wild Boar? <a href="http://www.britishwildboar.org.uk">www.britishwildboar.org.uk</a></td>
<td>aims to increase understanding of this tremendously important species. The site is a focal point for information, news and views. We report factually on all issues surrounding Britain's resurgent wild boar population. Contributions are always welcome, particularly reports of sightings and personal wild boar experiences.</td>
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<td>A philosophical thinktank exploring our values within nature conservation</td>
<td>are we looking closely at personal inspirations and developing forms of expression through language and the arts to communicate these and promote appropriate change at all levels within the profession. <a href="http://www.vineproject.org.uk">www.vineproject.org.uk</a></td>
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<td>Over The Garden Gate is a friendly UK based Website 'Where Gardeners and Wildlife Meet'. With Forum, Chat Room, Album and Archives of Wildlife and Plant pictures. Our Wildlife Pages contain information on bringing wildlife to your garden.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.overthegardengate.net/wildlife/">http://www.overthegardengate.net/wildlife/</a></td>
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<td>Self-willed Land is an advocacy for wild land and nature in Britain. Contemporary articles and designs make the case for landscapes to become self-shaping by focal ecological restoration, and through the reduction in influence of human extractive use and management in zones of varying land use. See the website <a href="http://www.self-willed-land.org.uk">www.self-willed-land.org.uk</a></td>
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<td>The CJS website training section now has a wide range of courses, several hundred each month through the season. There are currently over 200 wildlife related courses running between the beginning of June and the end of the year. Whatever your specialty or interest there is bound to be something to suit. If you like the big furries how about a Close Encounter with Wolves or not quite so big? Perhaps a Badger Watch both by the Mammals Trust UK. Perhaps smaller mammals appeal so maybe Water Vole Ecology and Conservation by the Wildwood Trust is preferable. If you're looking to gain your Protected Species Licence then Using Bat Detectors and Sound Analysis Tools by the Bat Conservation Trust will probably be useful. An Introduction to Bird Ringing by the Field Studies Council or Bird Survey Techniques run by the British Trust for Ornithology will help with bird fieldwork. If creepy crawlies are more your sort of thing then what about a Field Studies Council course on Spider Identification? For an overview on all wildlife and its place in the scheme of things Biodiversity Duty at Plas Tan y Bwlch (Snowdonia National Park) will be the right one for you. Courses are run across the country so there will be something not too far away wherever you are. To find your perfect course visit: <a href="http://www.countryside-jobs.com/Training/short_courses.htm">http://www.countryside-jobs.com/Training/short_courses.htm</a></td>
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<td>The UK Butterflies website, at <a href="http://www.ukbutterflies.co.uk">www.ukbutterflies.co.uk</a>, provides information on all of the butterfly species in the UK and Ireland, including those that are extinct or migrants. This website is open to contributions from anyone interested in helping make this website the best source of information on UK butterflies on the Internet!</td>
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<td>The Dragonflies of Hertfordshire <a href="http://www.geocities.com/hertfordragonflies">www.geocities.com/hertfordragonflies</a> provides details of the recent Atlas Project carried out over the years 2000-2005 inclusive when 14,671 dragonfly records were collected. The site also tells you how to submit your Hertfordshire dragonfly records and provides a point of contact for further information or help with identification.</td>
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<td>Fatbirder Visit <a href="http://www.fatbirder.com">www.fatbirder.com</a> for everything you need to know about birds, birding and birdwatching places, hundreds of pages about every country and state and every bird family, equipment, trip reports, BLOGS and much much more. Nearly two million hits every month from birders all over the world.</td>
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<td>disabled birders association Visit <a href="http://www.disabledbirdersassociation.co.uk">www.disabledbirdersassociation.co.uk</a> for information on disabled access to reserves and other services and how you can join [for free] this international association dedicated to lobbying for better access and facilities...</td>
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<td>The Earthlife Web Looking for good basic info on wildlife, then why not visit the Earthlife web (<a href="http://www.earthlife.net/begin.html">www.earthlife.net/begin.html</a>) with chapters on Birds, Mammals, Insects, Arachnids, Lichens, Prokaryotes and all the other invertebrates it must be your first stop for biology projects or home school support.</td>
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<td>Space For Nature is a website for gardeners who want to encourage wildlife. The website promotes gardens as an increasingly valuable habitat, in real terms, for wildlife and recognises that they are uniquely positioned, as accessible natural spaces, to influence our behaviour and attitudes towards the wider environment. <a href="http://www.spacefornature.co.uk">www.spacefornature.co.uk</a></td>
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**Wildlife Training Courses and Professional Events.**

The CJS website training section now has a wide range of courses, several hundred each month through the season. There are currently over 200 wildlife related courses running between the beginning of June and the end of the year. Whatever your specialty or interest there is bound to be something to suit. If you like the big furries how about a Close Encounter with Wolves or not quite so big? Perhaps a Badger Watch both by the Mammals Trust UK. Perhaps smaller mammals appeal so maybe Water Vole Ecology and Conservation by the Wildwood Trust is preferable. If you're looking to gain your Protected Species Licence then Using Bat Detectors and Sound Analysis Tools by the Bat Conservation Trust will probably be useful. An Introduction to Bird Ringing by the Field Studies Council or Bird Survey Techniques run by the British Trust for Ornithology will help with bird fieldwork. If creepy crawlies are more your sort of thing then what about a Field Studies Council course on Spider Identification? For an overview on all wildlife and its place in the scheme of things Biodiversity Duty at Plas Tan y Bwlch (Snowdonia National Park) will be the right one for you. Courses are run across the country so there will be something not too far away wherever you are.

To find your perfect course visit: http://www.countryside-jobs.com/Training/short_courses.htm

The CJS team would like to thank everyone who has contributed adverts, articles and information for this Special Edition. An extra special "thank you" goes to the Wildlife Trusts for their support and assistance.